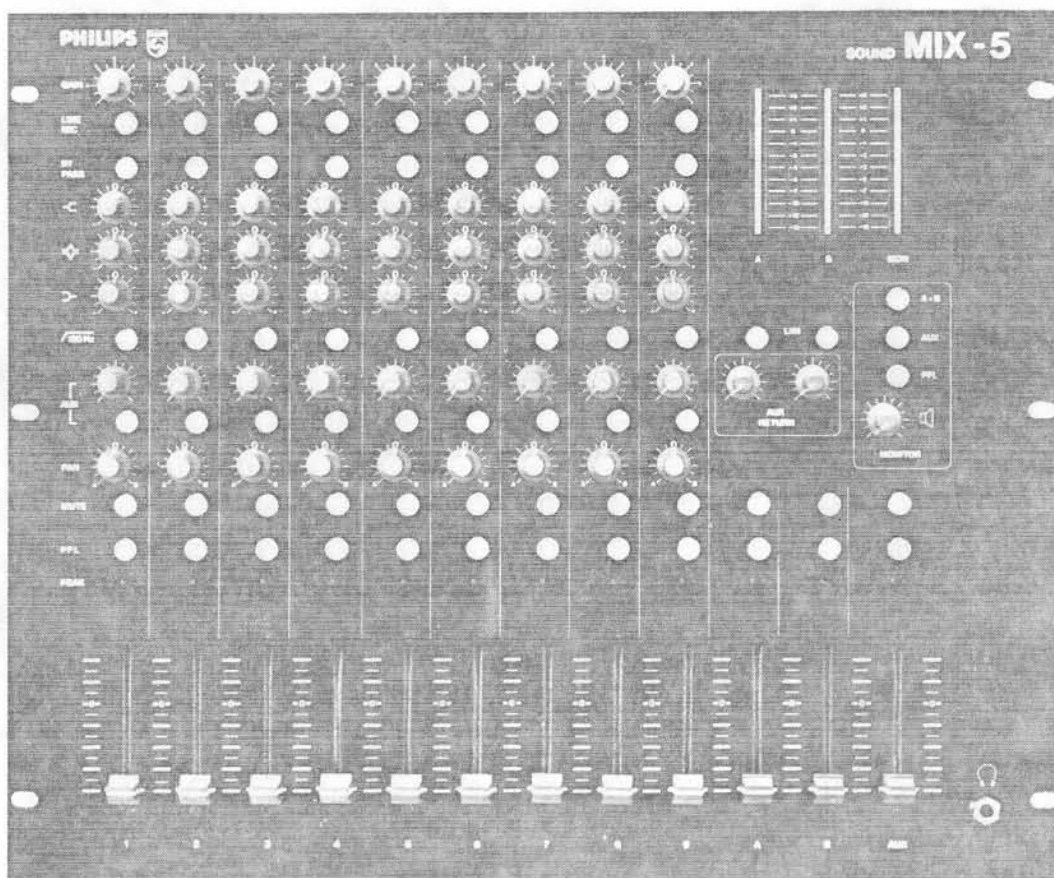


# SERVICE MANUAL

# LBB 1147/00/01/02

## Sound Mix-5 Audio Mixing Desk



4822 733 24025

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# PHILIPS

**AUDIOMAN.NL**

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## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Sound Mix 5 audio mixing desk has been developed by Philips to fulfil the requirements of the many relatively small projects where professional quality, reliability and versatility is needed from a desk which must also be compact and/or portable. These desks must be capable of handling microphone inputs from stage performances as well as relaying music.

To cover these requirements, the SM5 mixing desk has been produced in three versions, namely: one for 19" rack mounting, LBB 1147/00, a second for table top use, LBB 1147/01, and the third as a portable unit in an attractive flight case, LBB 1147/02.

The electrical performances of the three versions are identical with the exception of the portable version which can have the possibility of being operated from a built-in rechargeable battery supply, making it independent of the mains supply.

The features of this 9-in/3-out mixing desk also include, per input channel, colour coded controls for Gain (blue), Bass, Presence/Absence and Treble (green), Auxiliary output (red) and Pan-pot (yellow). These controls are continuously variable, with mechanical click-stop centering on the equalizers and pan-pots. Each input channel is also provided with push-buttons for microphone or line input, rumble filter on/off, equalizer bypass, and Auxiliary output on/off. A push-button for muting and pre-fader listening, a dual LED peak level indicator, and a long fader control are featured on all input and output channels. See fig. 6.2. Signal levels on the output channels A, B and Auxiliary Send are viewed via professional LED bar indicators. For recording and public address applications, a switchable limiter is incorporated in both the A and B group output channels.

Auxiliary Send and Auxiliary Return controls and connections are included for echo/reverberation/effects or for foldback purposes; the Auxiliary Return A and B input channels facilitate the connection of a second SM5 desk. For system alignment, there is an option of a built-in test tone or pink noise generator.

These features make this range of mixing desks suitable for use in small installations in sports halls, canteens, leisure and community centres, small theatres and halls etc.

In larger halls, this compact mixing desk can be employed to couple several sources into one of the inputs of a much larger multi-channel mixing desk.

The SM 5 offers the following features.

- 9 universal input channels with built-in equalizers and rumble filters.
- Phantom supplies for condenser microphones.
- Line inputs compatible with SQ6 microphones.
- 2 balanced group output channels
- Auxiliary send output channel
- 2 auxiliary return channels
- Monitoring possible on all channels with pre-fader listening facility
- Connectors and lay-out according to professional standards
- Three standard versions available:
  - . 19" rack mounting panel, LBB 1147/00
  - . table top version in a wooden desk unit, LBB 1147/01
  - . and a portable version in a flight case, LBB 1147/02
- Reliable, versatile, sturdy, portable, 9/3 professional mixer

2 TECHNICAL DATA

## 2.1 GENERAL

Mains supply	: 220/240 V $\pm$ 10 %; 50 Hz Fuse 315 mA slow
Power consumption	: 30 W approx. at 220 V
Dimensions	: (H x W x D)
LBB 1147/00	: approx. 400 x 480 x 125 mm (rack mounting)
LBB 1147/01	: approx. 420 x 500 x 200 mm (table top unit)
LBB 1147/02	: approx. 440 x 620 x 220 mm (flight case unit)
Weight	
LBB 1147/00	: approx. 8 kg
LBB 1147/01	: approx. 12 kg
LBB 1147/02	: approx. 15 kg

All measurements caaried out at 220V 50Hz; 0db = 0.775V.

## 2.2 INPUT CHANNELS

	: 9x universal balanced dual inputs for microphone and line sources.
Microphone (XLR)	: Symmetrical, floating
Input level	: -64 dBm to -22 dBm ( $\pm$ 2 dB)
Input impedance	: 2 kOhm
Line (XLR)	: Symmetrical
Input level	: -11 dBm to +6 dBm ( $\pm$ 2 dB)
Input impedance	: 10 kOhm
Line (DIN)	: Switchable to symmetrical input for SQ6 microphones or to asymmetrical input for domestic sources.
Symmetrical	
Input level	: -3 dBm to +18 dBm ( $\pm$ 2 dB)
Input impedance	: 40 kOhm
Asymmetrical	
Input level	: -6 dBm to +13 dBm ( $\pm$ 2 dB)
Input impedance	: 20 kOhm
Tone control	
Bass	: +14 dB to -14 dB at 60 Hz ( $\pm$ 1 dB)
Presence/absence	: +10 dB to -10 dB at 2,5 kHz ( $\pm$ 1 dB)
Treble	: +14 dB to -14 dB at 10 kHz ( $\pm$ 1 dB)
Rumble filter	: 12 dB/octave; crossover point 120 Hz

Damping	: (Measured at 5 kHz)
Mute switch (inputs)	: 80 dB
Cross-talk	: 70 dB
Fader control	: 70 dB (with respect to the nominal -10 dB position of fader control)
Damping (attenuation)	
Pan-pot control	
Mid-position	: -3 dB for A and B level
Fully left (A)	: 70 dB for B level
Fully right (B)	: 70 dB for A level
Peak indicator (pre-fader level)	: +13 dBm ( $\pm 1$ dB) threshold level
Overload area	: 26 dB
Noise level	: (30 to 20.000 Hz, flat, unweighted)
Microphone input	: -124 dBm (200 Ohm source)
Line input	: -90 dBm (600 Ohm source)
Phantom supply	: 12 V d.c. from internal supply. If external supply (48 V d.c.) is connected via 3,5 mm connector, the internal phantom supply will automatically be disconnected.

### 2.3 OUTPUT CHANNELS AND MONITOR

A, B or Aux.	
Output level	: 0 dBm ( $\pm 1$ dBm) (nominal) +12 dBm (max)
Output impedance	: 50 Ohm
Nominal load	: 600 Ohm
Distortion (THD)	: 0,2 % (100 Hz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz) (from line input)
Freq. response	: 30 to 20000 Hz ( $\pm 1,5$ dB)
Monitor	
Output level	: 3 Veff
Output impedance	: 50 Ohm
Nominal load	: 600 Ohm
Distortion	: 0,3 % (100 kHz, 1 kHz, 10 kHz) (from line input)
Limiter (on A and B)	: Signals 0 dBm will be limited; maxi- mum overloading 18 dB; characteris- tic. 5 : 1
Damping	
Mute switch	: 90 dB

Aux return input : Asymmetrical  
Nom. input level : 0 dBm ( $\pm 2$  dB) for 0 dBm output at  
channel A or B  
Input impedance : 10 kOhm  
Output meters (A, B, Mon.) : -18 dBm to +3 dBm  
9x green LED for -18 to 0 dBm  
3x red for +1 to +3 dBm

### 3. SERVICE DESCRIPTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL (Fig. 6.1 - 6.2 - 6.5 - 6.13 - 6.14)

The mixing desk LBB 1147/00 consists of a chassis with power supply, front plate, nine input channel p.c.b.'s, two p.c.b.'s for output channels A and B (including A and B AUX RETURN) and one p.c.b. for AUX SEND output and monitor circuit.

#### 3.2 POWER SUPPLY UNIT (Fig. 6.3 - 6.4)

The primary side of the transformer is connected via a double pole mains switch to the mains inlet. In this mains inlet socket, a fuse with a value of 315 mA (slow) is located.

The transformer is suitable for 220 to 240 V  $\pm$  10 %.

For other mains voltages, a special version of the mixing desk has to be ordered.

The secondary side of the transformer provides the 2 x 15 V for the stabilisation circuits  $\mu$ A 7815 and  $\mu$ A 7915, giving +15 V resp. -15 V. Provisions are made on the p.c.b. to connect a battery pack power supply. The batteries are charged when the mixer is connected to the mains, and supply the necessary power when there is no mains voltage available.

- NOTE:
1. Battery pack available as option.
  2. Fuses A402 and Z403 and resistors R401 and R402 are depending on battery type and will be supplied with the battery pack.
  3. Before serial no. 130 it might be possible that D404 and D405 are reversed mounted. They have to be turned in case the optional battery is used.

The build-in phantom supply of 12 V to all microphone input sockets, is automatically interrupted when an external phantom supply is connected via the 3,5 mm connector on the rear side.

The power supply leads are connected via a ribbon cable to all input and output p.c.b.'s.

The ribbon cable also connects all L.F. signals (A, B, AUX or PFL) to the output channel p.c.b.'s A, B and AUX SEND and to the monitor circuit.



### 3.3 INPUT CHANNEL P.C.B. (Fig. 6.6 - 6.7)

The microphone signal (symmetrical, floating) from input socket BU 103 is fed via a transformer and IC101 to the selector switch SK101a (LINE/MIC). The nominal level can be controlled by means of potentiometer R161.

The signal on the XLR line input socket BU102 or the DIN input socket BU101 can be switched with SK102 to symmetrical or asymmetrical according to the source and the external wiring.

The level of the L.F. signal after the op.amps IC105 and IC106 to selection switch SK101a can be controlled with R168 to the same nominal level as the microphone.  
(Both switch SK102 and R168 are located on the rear signal near the input sockets).

The selected L.F. signal is fed to the tone control section. It consists of a 120 Hz bass cut filter SK104 and an equalizer with bass, mid-range and treble control potentiometers R164, R163 and R162. The equalizer can be by-passed with switch SK103.

From this point the signal is fed to a peak-indicator circuit and to the channel fader R170. It is also possible to connect this signal to the pre-fader-line by means of switch SK107 (PFL).

The slider of the fader (-10 dB position) is connected to op.amp IC104. The output signal can be distributed to the A or B mixing line by means of the panoramic potentiometer R166. In the centre position of this potentiometer, both output signals A and B have a nominal -3 dBm level. If this potentiometer is turned fully clockwise (or anti-clockwise), one of the signals has a 0 dBm level and the other is attenuated to -70 dBm.

The level of the signal on the AUX-line can be adjusted with potentiometer R165 and switched on with switch SK105. This signal is normally connected to the post-fader level (X-Y) but a wire link on the p.c.b. allows a modification to pre-fader level (X-Z).

### 3.4 OUTPUT CHANNEL P.C.B. (Fig. 6.8 - 6.9 - 6.10)

The output channel p.c.b. for channel A is basically identical with the p.c.b. for channel B in operation, lay-out and description.

The only difference is created by the nomination to A-channel output or B-channel output function, depending upon the location on the front panel. Near the connector for the ribbon cable, programming connections (by means of soldered links) are made to connect the input op-amp on this p.c.b. to the A or the B mixing line and the output to the A or the B monitor line (See further on).

The input signal from the selected mixing line is fed to IC201. This signal can be mixed with the "AUX RETURN" signal. The output signal from IC201 is fed to the output fader R261, the peakindicator circuit and to the PFL switch.

From the fader the signal is fed to IC202. In the feedback loop of this amplifier, a limiter circuit can be switched on with SK201.

From this point, connections are made to the LED-bar VU meter, to the A/B inputs of the monitor circuit via the A/B monitor bus and to the mute switch SK202.

From the mute switch, the signal is fed to transformer T201 to obtain a floating and symmetrical output signal.

The signal to the LED bar VU meter is fed via IC204 and a diode-resistor network to obtain a corresponding logarithmic output, capable of driving the LED's via IC205.

### 3.5 AUX SEND AND MONITOR P.C.B. (Fig. 2.11 - 2.12)

The signal on the AUX mixing bus is fed to IC301. After amplification, the signal is fed to the PFL-switch SK303, the peak indication circuit and AUX fader R361.

From the AUX fader, the signal is routed to the AUX SEND output socket BU301 via MUTE switch SK302, output transformer T301 and also to the monitor select switch assembly SK301.

The signals on the A monitor bus and B monitor bus are fed directly to the monitor switch SK301; the signal on the PFL line however, is amplified first in IC305 and then fed to SK301.

One of the three signals (A+B, AUX, PFL) is selected by means of the monitor switch assembly SK301 a, b or c and fed via the monitor level potmeter R362 to the IC's 306 and 307 for monitoring via the DIN output socket BU302 (e.g. for M.F.B.-loudspeaker boxes) or to the headphone socket BU304 on the front panel.

The level of this headphone output can be separately controlled by means of R363, mounted on the rear panel.

The amplitude of the selected signal can be monitored via an LED-bar VU-meter, identical to the one described in the output p.c.b.

## 3.6 DISASSEMBLING

If one of the p.c.b.'s has to be replaced, the following dismantling procedure is advised.

- a) Remove the mains cord and all other input/output cables.
- b) Remove the knobs of the potentiometers on the defective channel.
- c) Remove the securing nuts of these potentiometers.
- d) Turn the mixing desk upside down.
- e) Remove the ribbon cable.
- f) Remove the locking bar.
- g) Slacken the 8 screws which fix the chassis to the front plate.
- h) Turn the locking key in all 23 XLR-sockets on the back, so that the plastic part of this connector on the p.c.b. is disconnected from the metal part on the chassis.
- i) The whole chassis (with the power supply unit) can now be shifted by approx. 1 cm, relative to the front panel.  
Metal parts of XLR plugs of defective unit.
- j) The defective p.c.b. can now be lifted out and replaced.

NOTE: Take care to correctly position the LEDs when putting the p.c.b. back into the right position.

When the p.c.b. is an output-channel p.c.b., ensure that the correct A or B programming for the boards application has been carried out.

The LED bars are glued onto the front panel with cyano acrilate glue.

If replacement is necessary, the part can be removed by breaking it loose by means of a pair of pliers.

The new part can be glued on again with cyano acrilate glue.

- k) Assembly is done in the reverse way.

4 ADJUSTMENTS

Signal levels in the circuit diagram in square are given as dBm values, corresponding with 0 dBm output signal (= 0,775 Volt).

4.1 Input p.c.b.

## Symmetry adjustment

The symmetry of the output signal of IC106 can be adjusted with potentiometer R169.

Apply a signal of 0 dBm between both the input points 2 and 3 and point 1 of the XLR line socket.

Adjust potmeter R169 to obtain a minimum output voltage on point 6 of IC106.

## Peak indication

The threshold level for the red LED can be adjusted with potentiometer R167.

At a signal level of +12 dBm at the top of the fader, the red LED must be just lit.

4.2 Output p.c.b.

## Peak indication

The threshold level for the red LED can be adjusted with potentiometer R264.

At a signal level of +16 dBm at the top of the fader, the red LED must be just lit.

## Limiter circuit

The limiter can be activated by depress SK201. The output signal of IC202 will be full-wave rectified and drive LED of the Photomod D216. Limitation of the audio signal depends of the adjustment of R263.

## VU meter

At a nominal output level of 0 dBm, a signal of +6 dBm is present on the input of the VU meter circuit.

The upper green LED, corresponding to a 0 dBm reading, should be just lit.

This can be adjusted with R265.

4.3 Monitor p.c.b.

## Peak indication

The threshold level for the red LED can be adjusted with potentiometer R364.

At a signal level of 16 dBm at the top of the fader, the red LED must be just lit.

VU meter

At a signal level of -12 dBm at the input of the VU meter circuit (top of fader-potentiometer) the green 0 dBm LED must be lit.

This can be adjusted with R365.

NOTE:

The A channel and B channel output p.c.b. are with the exception of the A or B preset identical. A is left B is right.

On the p.c.b., near the connector for the ribbon cable, programming is done by means of two soldering connections.

Service Code	Description	Position Number
5322 267 30507	Socket, female      Headph. socket 6.3 mm	BU304
4822 264 30011	Connector            Cable conn.      6.3 mm	BU305
5322 265 24043	Socket, male            Mains socket	BU401
4822 267 30232	Socket                    Socket 3.5 mm female	BU402
4822 264 30048	Plug                      Cable conn.      3.5 mm	BU403
4822 124 20788	Cap. electrolyt.      2200UF 50% 25 V	C402
5322 124 14075	Cap. elec. tantal      1UF 20% 35 V	C404
5322 124 14075	Cap. elec. tantal      1UF 20% 35 V	C405
5322 124 14075	Cap. elec. tantal      1UF 20% 35 V	C406
5322 124 14075	Cap. elec. tantal      1UF 20% 35 V	C407
4822 130 50312	Diode                    BY225-100	D401
5322 130 34973	Diode                    OP131W	D402
5322 130 34973	Diode                    OP131W	D403
5322 130 34973	Diode                    OP131W	D404
5322 130 34973	Diode                    OP131W	D405
5322 130 34973	Diode                    OP131W	D406
4822 253 30014	Fuse                      315MAT	F401
4822 253 30021	Fuse                      1AT	F402
4822 253 30024	Fuse                      1.6AT	F403
5322 130 44698	Transistor              7815CU	IC401
5322 130 44844	Integr. circuit          UA7915UC	IC402
5322 277 10706	Switch, tumbler          Mains switch	SK401
5322 146 10045	Transformer              Mains transformer	T401
5322 321 14018	Flex, mains              Mains cord	1

Service Code	Description	Position Number
	Input print 1	
5322 267 54107	Socket Socket 8P 262	BU101
5322 267 40497	Socket, female XLR socket	BU102
5322 267 40497	Socket, female XLR socket	BU103
5322 290 60456	Connector Flat cable conn.	BU104
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal 3.3UF 20% 35 V	C103
4822 124 20688	Cap. electrolyt 33UF 50% 16 V	C108
5322 124 14064	Cap. elec. tantal 4.7UF 20% 25 V	C109
4822 124 20716	Cap. electrolyt 150UF 50% 40 V	C112
4822 124 20941	Cap. electrolyt 68UF 40% 6.3 V	C114
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal 3.3UF 20% 35 V	C118
4822 124 20941	Cap. electrolyt 68UF 40% 6.3 V	C121
5322 124 14064	Cap. elec. tantal 4.7UF 20% 25 V	C122
4822 124 20708	Cap. electrolyt 10UF 50% 40 V	C125
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal 3.3UF 20% 35 V	C126
4822 124 20708	Cap. electrolyt 10UF 50% 40 V	C128
5322 124 14064	Cap. elec. tantal 4.7UF 20% 25 V	C130
5322 124 14064	Cap. elec. tantal 4.7UF 20% 25 V	C131
4822 130 30613	Diode BAW62	D101
4822 130 31128	LED CQY54 LED red	D102
4822 130 31879	LED CQY95 LED green	D103
5322 209 86092	Integr. circuit	IC101
5322 209 86092	Integr. circuit	IC102
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit NE5534N	IC103
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit NE5543N	IC104
4822 209 81349	Integr. circuit MC1458N	IC105
4822 209 80617	Integr. circuit UA741TC	IC106
4822 209 80617	Integr. circuit UA741TC	IC107



Service Code	Description	Position Number
5322 158 10598	Coil, choke	L101
5322 158 10598	Coil, choke	L102
5322 158 10598	Coil, choke	L103
5322 101 30514	Potm. carbon	Potm. 10K Neg. log. R161
5322 101 20722	Potm. carbon	Potm. 10K Lin. treble R162
5322 101 20724	Potm. carbon	Potm. 5K Lin. R163
5322 101 20723	Potm. carbon	Potm. 47K Lin. Bass R164
5322 101 30512	Potm. carbon	Potm. 2K2 log. aux. R165
5322 102 30414	Potm. balance	Potm. 10K spec. PAH R166
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	Potm. 100K Lin. R167
5322 101 20721	Potm. cermet	Potm. 10K Lin. R168
5322 101 20731	Potm. cermet	Potm. 1K Log. R169
5322 105 10521	Potm. slide	Potm. 5K log. fader R170
5322 276 11173	Switch, pushbut.	Switch line/Mic SK101
5322 276 11174	Switch, pushbut.	Switch Sym/asym SK102
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch bypass SK103
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch filter 120 Hz SK104
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch aux. on/off SK105
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch mute SK106
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch PFL SK107
5322 146 30458	Transformer	Input transformer T101
4822 130 44246	Transistor	BC549C TS101
5322 130 32136	LED	LED holder M101
5322 414 30054	Knob	Knob M102
5322 414 70025	Cap for knob	Cap blue M103
5322 414 70027	Cap for knob	Cap green M104
5322 414 70024	Cap for knob	Cap red M105
5322 414 70026	Cap for knob	Cap yellow M106

Service Code	Description				Position Number
5322 414 70029	Dial	Dial ring			M107
5322 414 64048	Knob, slide	Knob grey			M108
5322 265 30269	Socket, male	XLR socket male			BU201
5322 267 40497	Socket, female	XLR socket female			BU202
5322 290 60456	Connector	Flat cable conn.			BU203
4822 124 20688	Cap. electrolyt.	33UF	50%	16 V	C206
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal	3.3UF	20%	35 V	C207
4822 124 20708	Cap. electrolyt.	10UF	50%	40 V	C210
4822 124 20699	Cap. electrolyt.	47UF	50%	25 V	C211
5322 124 14075	Cap. elec. tantal	1UF	20%	35 V	C214
5322 124 14066	Cap. elec. tantal	10UP	50%	16 V	C215
4822 124 20679	Cap. electrolyt.	100UF	50%	10 V	C216
4822 124 20689	Cap. electrolyt.	68UF	50%	10 V	C218
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D201
4822 130 31128	LED	CQY54/11			D202
4822 130 31879	LED	CQY95/II			D203
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D204
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D205
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D206
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D207
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D208
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D209
4822 130 34173	Diode, reference	BZX79-B5V6			D210
5322 130 32135	LED	GL112513			D211
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D212
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62			D213

Service Code	Description		Position Number
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62	D214
4822 130 30613	Diode	BAW62	D215
5322 130 34912	Display		D216
5322 209 86092	Integr. circuit		IC201
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit	NE5534N	IC202
4822 209 80617	Integr. circuit	UA741TC	IC203
4822 209 81349	Integr. circuit	MC1458N	IC204
4822 209 80883	Integr. circuit	UAA180	IC205
5322 105 10521	Potm. slide	5K log. fader	R261
5322 101 30513	Potm. carbon	10K log. aux-return	R262
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	100K lin.	R263
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	100K Lin.	R264
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	100K lin.	R265
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch limiter	SK201
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch mute	SK202
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch PFL	SK203
5322 140 60254	Transf. output	Output transformer	T201
5322 130 32136	LED	LED holder	M201
5322 414 30054	Knob	Knob	M202
5322 414 70023	Cap for knob	Cap grey	M203
5322 414 70029	Dial	Dial ring	M204
5322 414 64049	Knob, slide	Knob	M205

Service Code	Description	Position Number
5322 267 30507	Socket, female      Headphone socket	BU304
4822 124 20679	Cap. electrolyt.      100UF      50%      10 V	C304
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal.      3.3UF      20%      35 V	C305
4822 124 20679	Cap. electrolyt.      100UF      50%      10 V	C308
5322 124 14066	Cap. elec. tantal.      10UF      50%      16 V	C310
4822 124 20699	Cap. electrolyt.      47UF      50%      25 V	C311
4822 124 20688	Cap. electrolyt.      33UF      50%      16 V	C314
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal.      3.3UF      20%      35 V	C315
5322 124 14067	Cap. elec. tantal.      3.3UF      20%      35 V	C316
4822 124 20679	Cap. electrolyt.      100UF      50%      10 V	C321
4822 124 20679	Cap. electrolyt.      100UF      50%      10 V	C322
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D301
4822 130 31128	LED      CQY54/11	D302
4822 130 31879	LED      CQY95/II	D303
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D304
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D305
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D306
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D307
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D308
4822 130 30613	Diode      BAW62	D309
4822 130 34173	Diode, reference      BZX79-B5V6	D310
5322 130 32135	LED      GL112513	D311
5322 209 86092	Integr. circuit	IC301

<u>Service Code</u>	<u>Description</u>		<u>Position Number</u>
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit	NE5534N	IC302
4822 209 80617	Integr. circuit	UA741TC	IC303
4822 209 81349	Integr. circuit	MC1458N	IC304
5322 209 86092	Integr. circuit		IC305
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit	NE5534N	IC306
5322 209 86285	Integr. circuit	NE5534N	IC307
4822 209 80883	Integr. circuit	UAA180	IC308
5322 130 32136	LED	LED Holder	M301
5322 414 30054	Knob	Knob	M302
5322 414 70023	Cap for knob	Cap grey	M303
5322 414 70029	Dial	Dial ring	M304
5322 414 64049	Knob, slide	Knob	M305
5322 105 10521	Potm. slide	5K log. fader	R361
5322 102 30413	Potm. balance	2K2 log. Mon. level	R362
5322 102 30413	Potm. balance	2K2 log. Headph.	R363
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	100K Lin.	R364
4822 100 10072	Potm. trimming	100K Lin.	R365
5322 276 30308	Switch mechanism	Switch monitor	SK301
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch mute	SK302
5322 276 11172	Switch, pushbut.	Switch PFL	SK303
5322 140 60254	Transf. output	Output transformer	T301

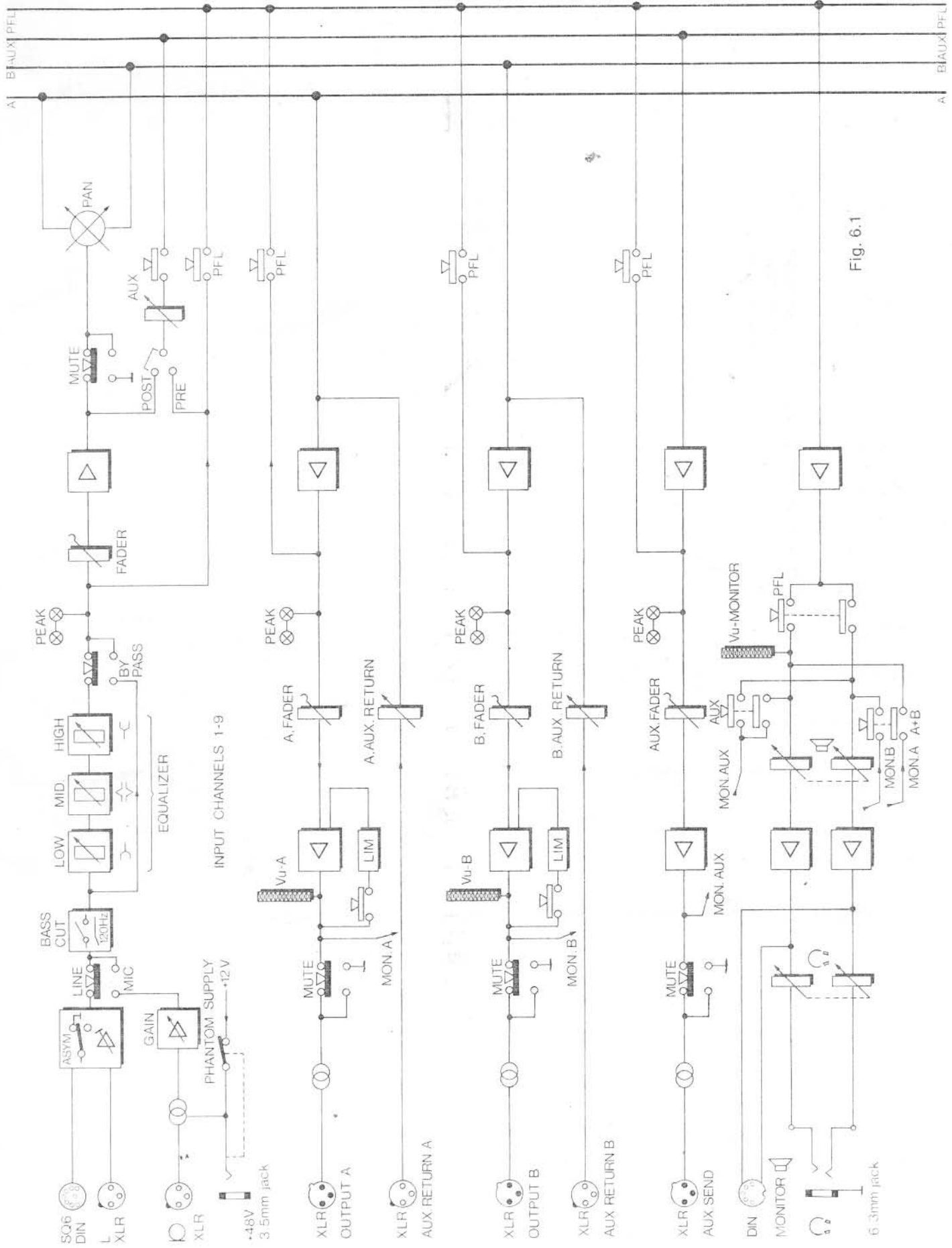
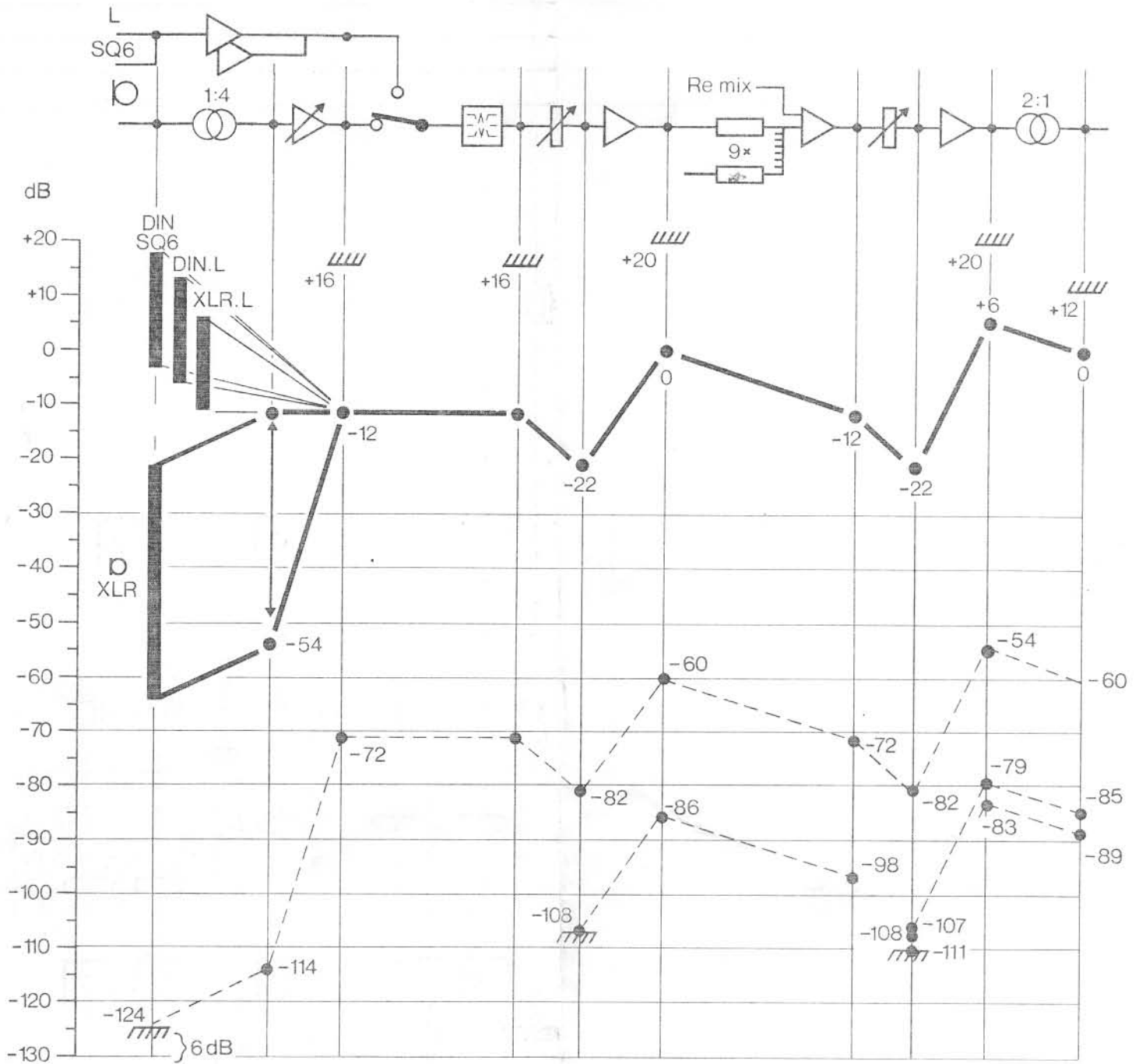


Fig. 6.1



 = distortion limited level  
 = equivalent input noise level (flat; B=20K Hz) k

Fig. 6.2

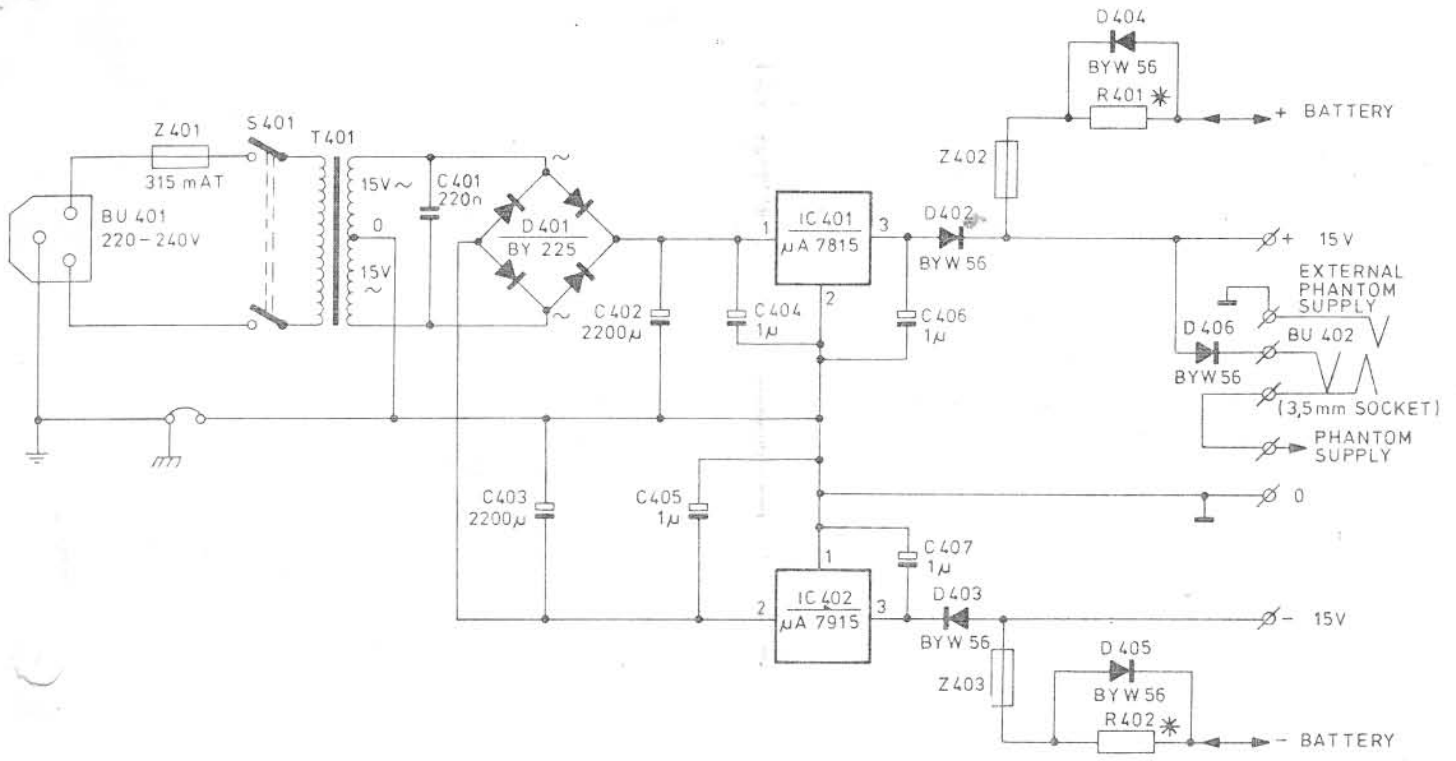


Fig. 6.3

EVE 6163

\* VALUE TO BE DETERMINED LATER  
AND DELIVERED WITH OPTIONAL BATTERY PACK

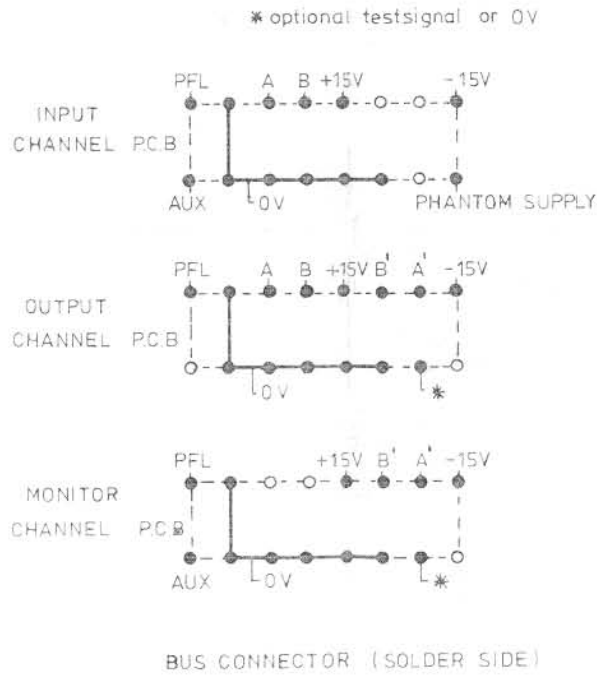


Fig. 6.5



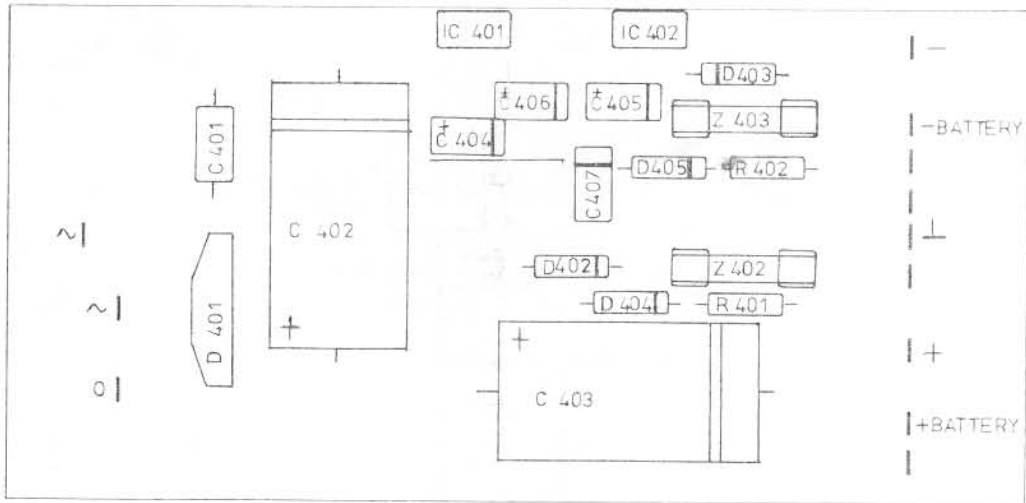


Fig. 6.4

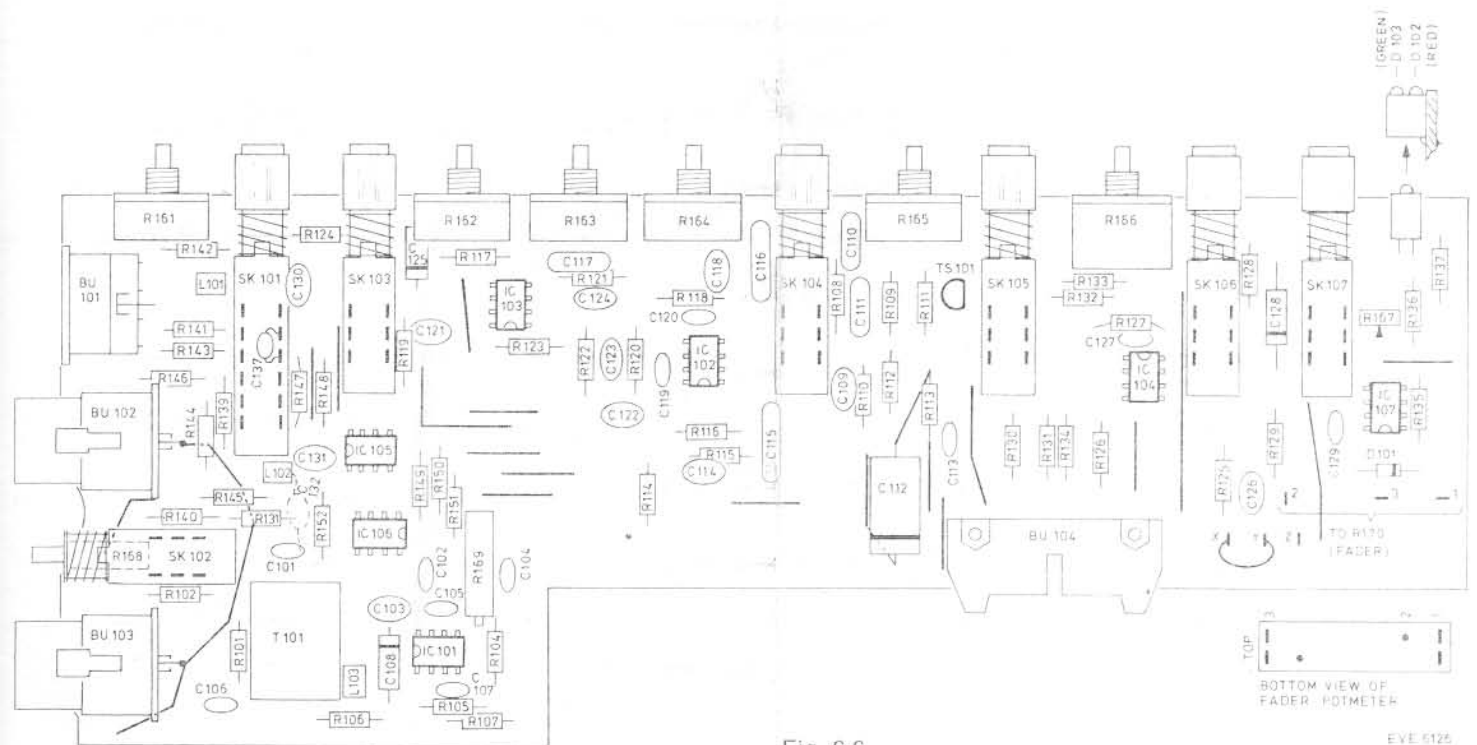
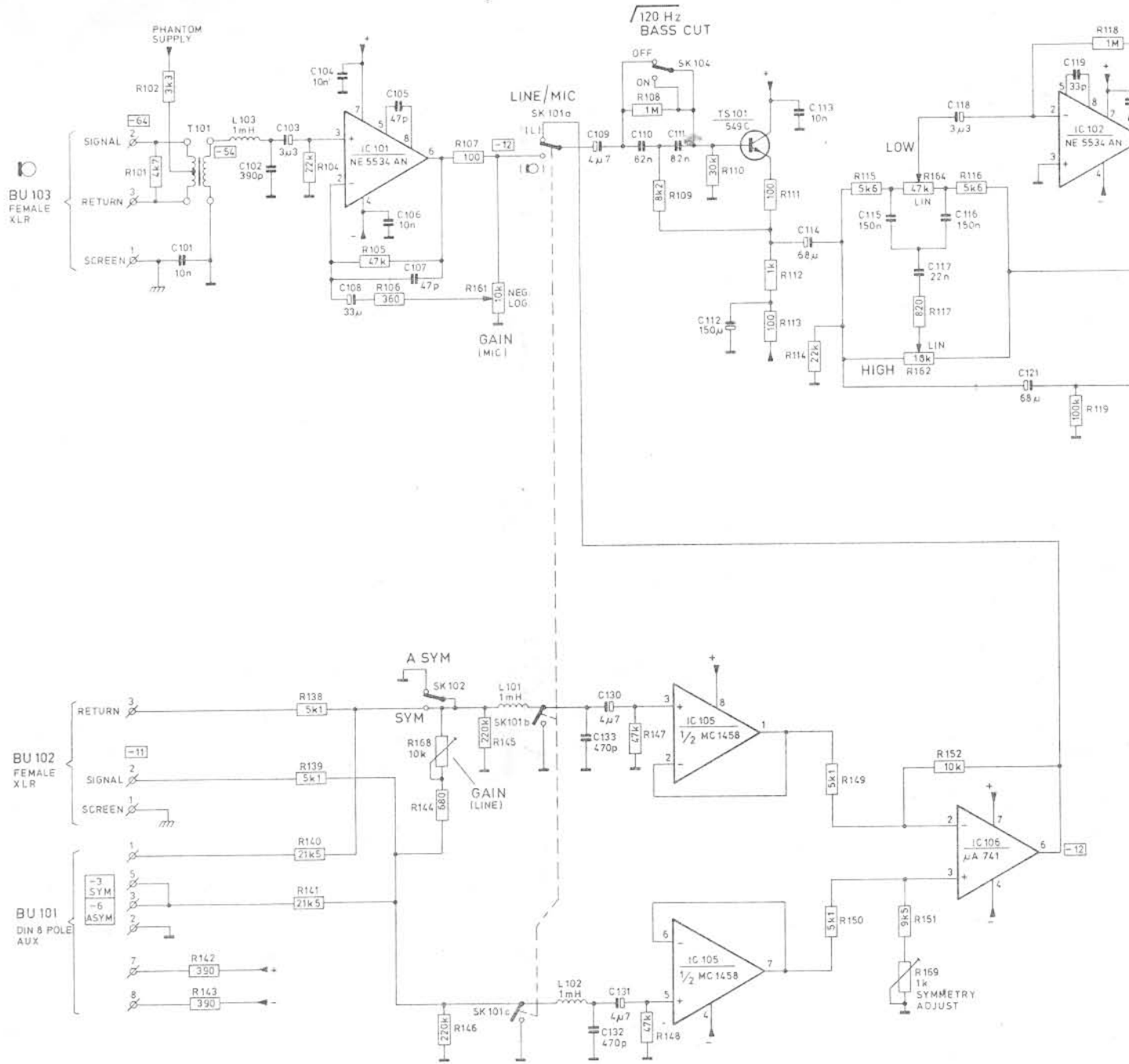
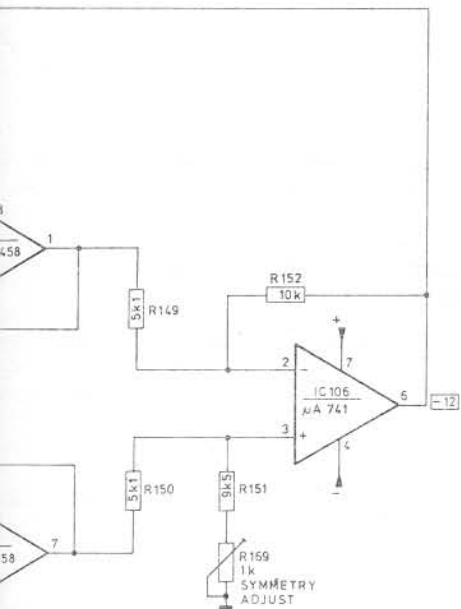
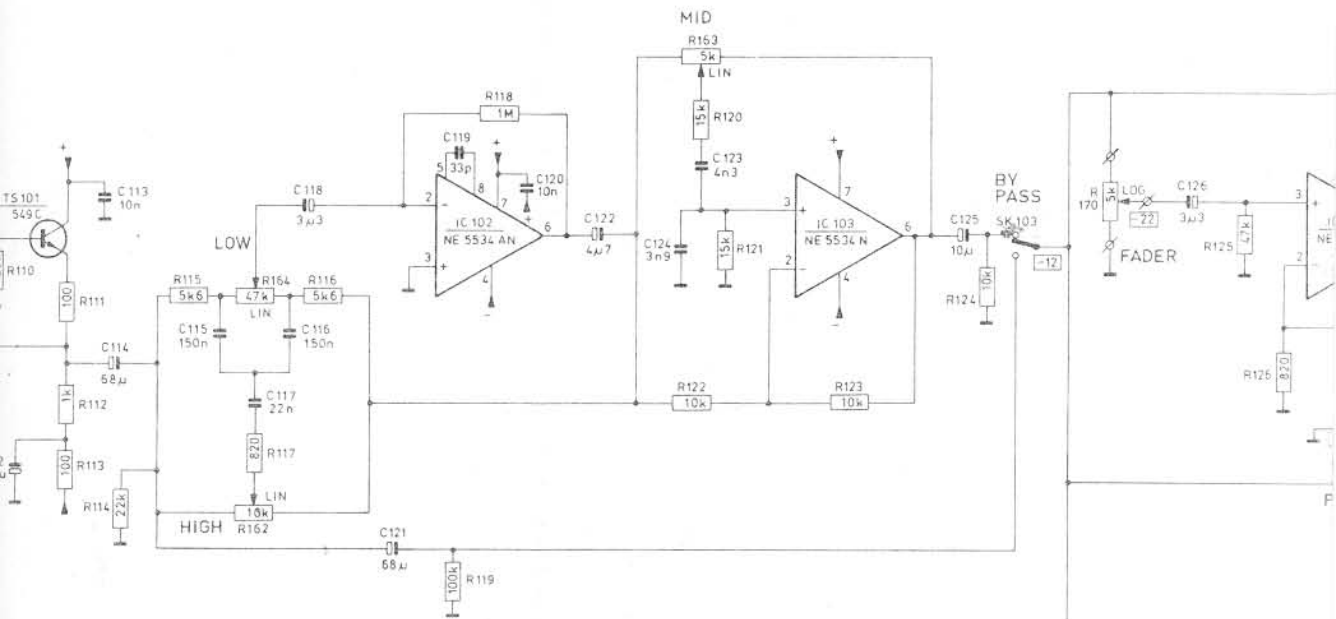
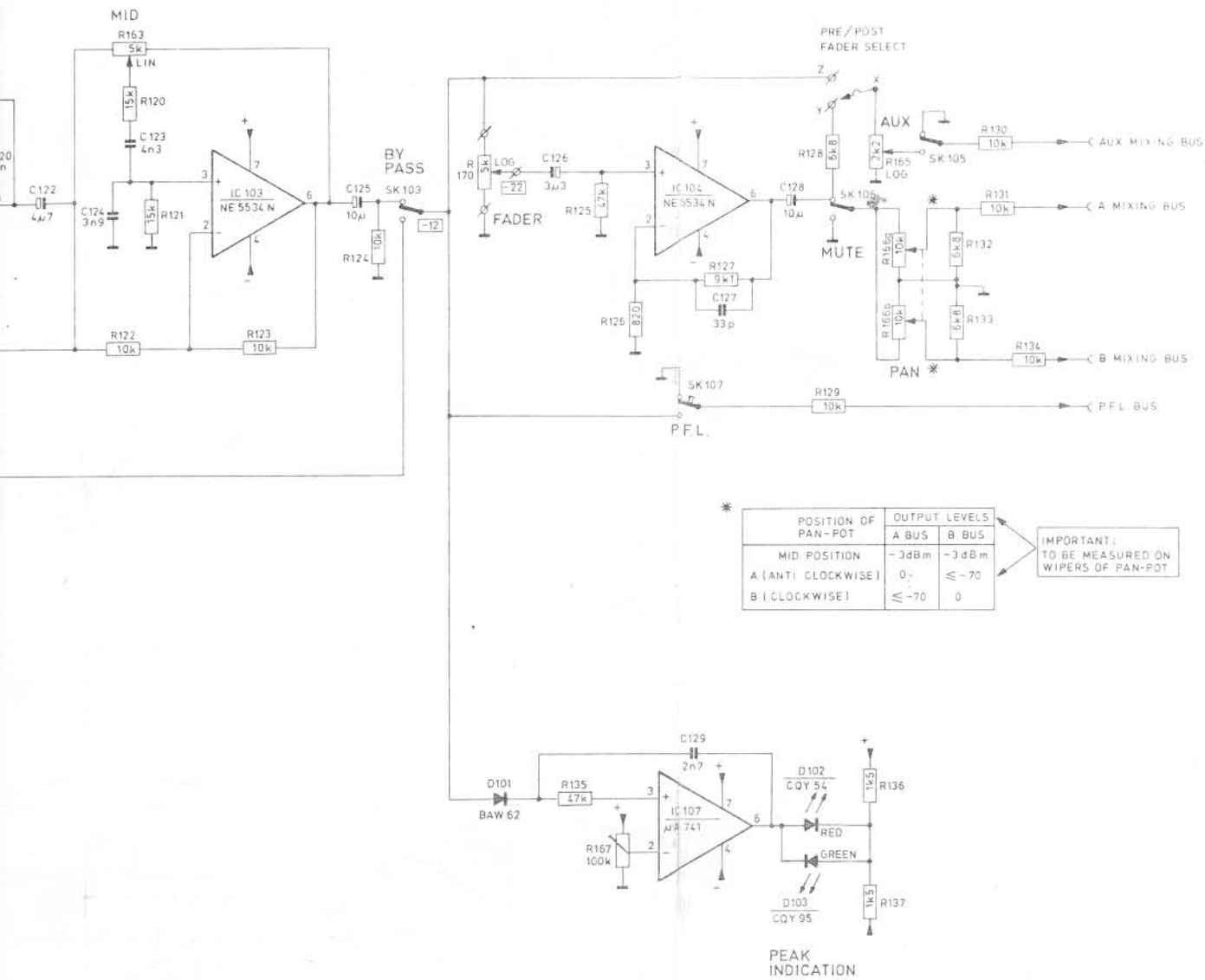


Fig. 6.6

EVE 5126







\* IMPORTANT: TO BE MEASURED ON WIPERS OF PAN-POT

POSITION OF PAN-POT	OUTPUT LEVELS	
	A BUS	B BUS
MID POSITION	-3dBm	-3dBm
A (ANTI CLOCKWISE)	0	≤ -70
B (CLOCKWISE)	≤ -70	0

EVE 5167

Fig. 6.7

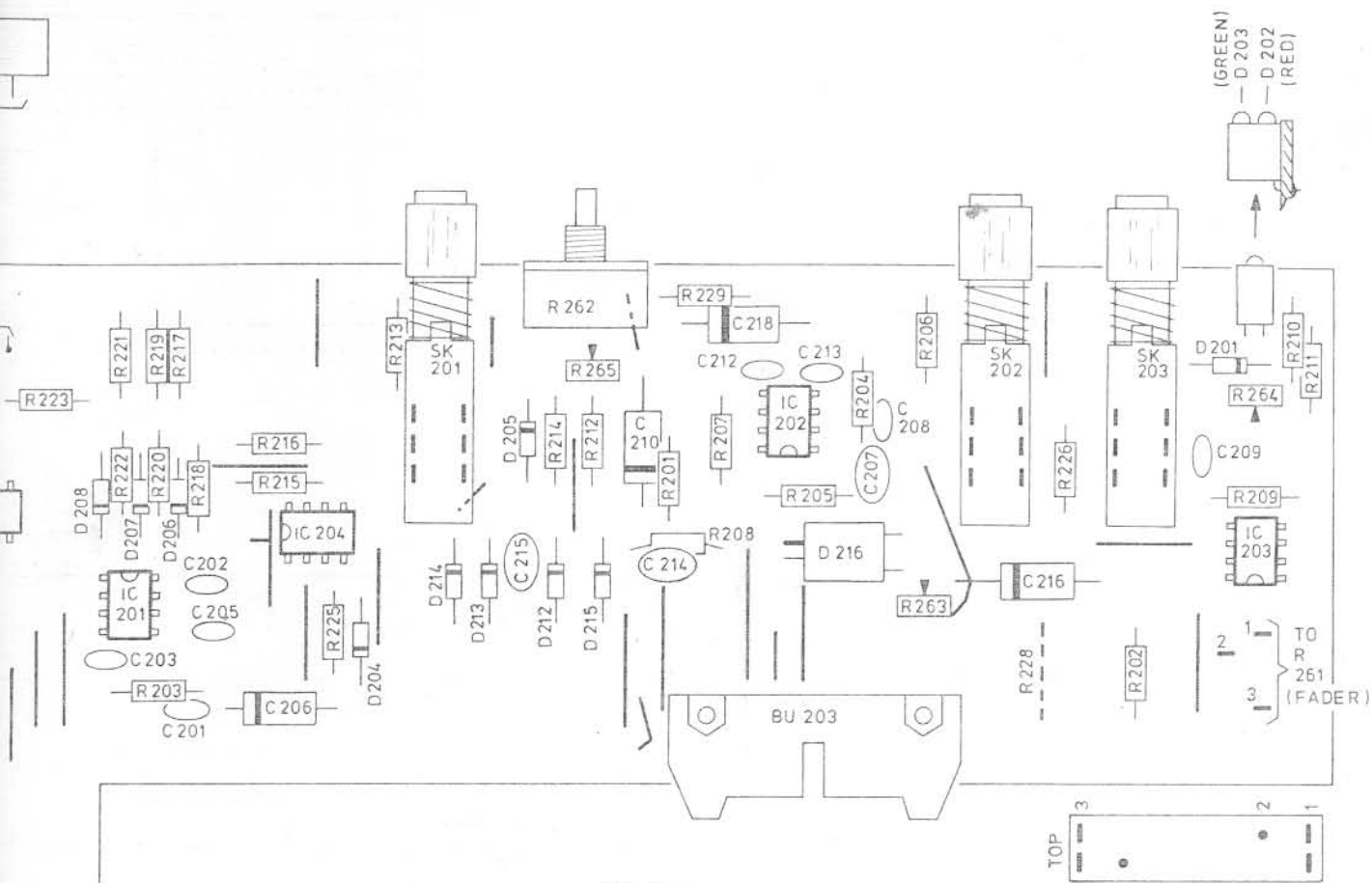


Fig. 6.9



BOTTOM VIEW OF  
FADER POTMETER

EVE 6124

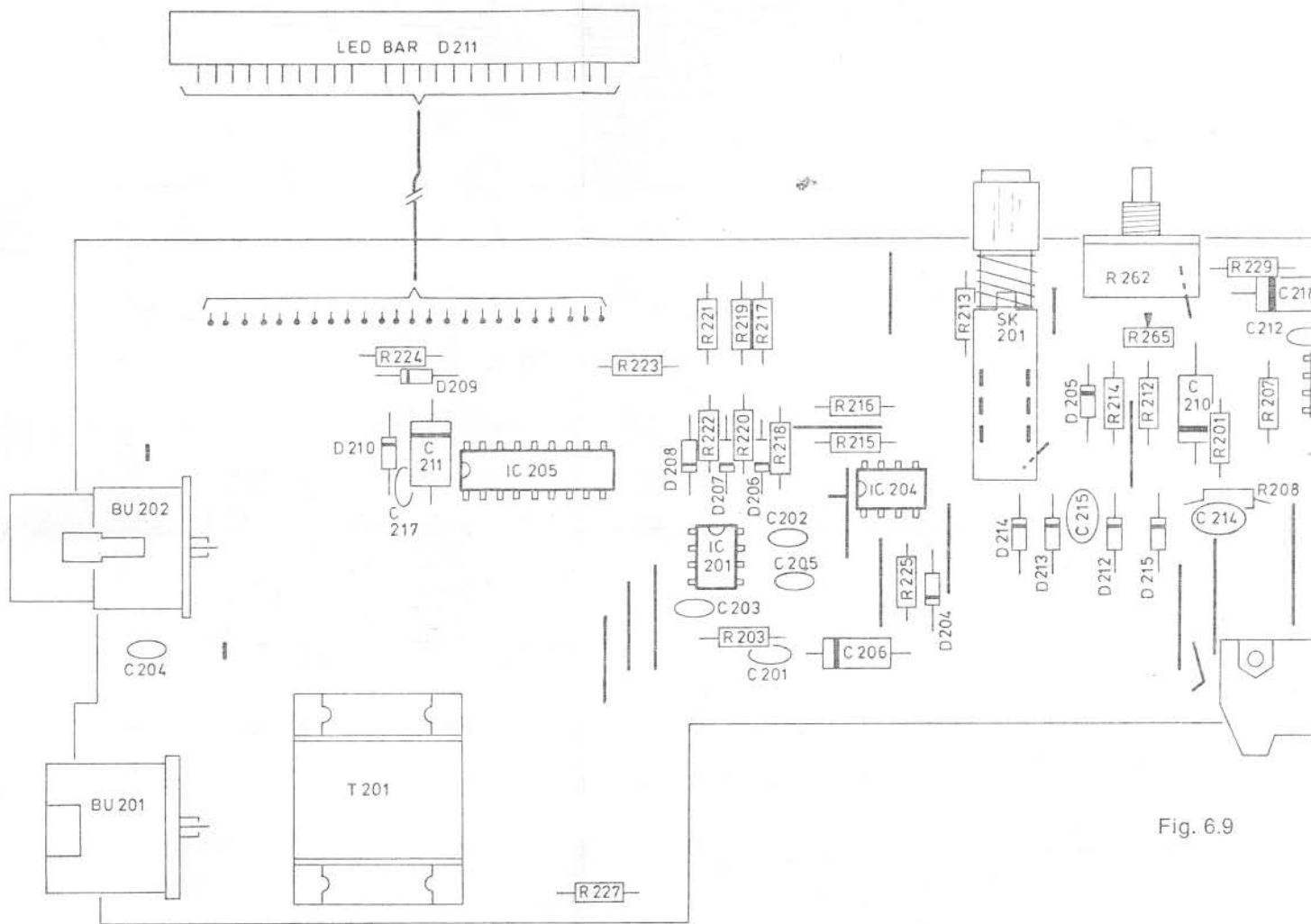


Fig. 6.9

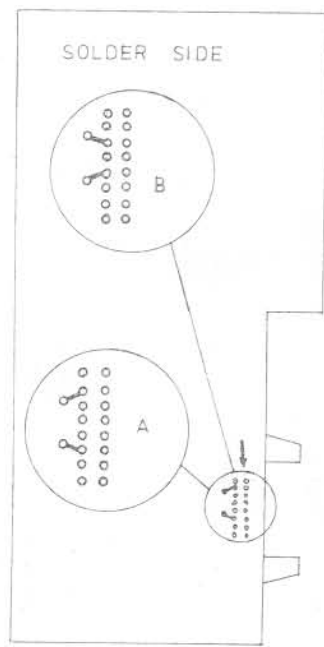
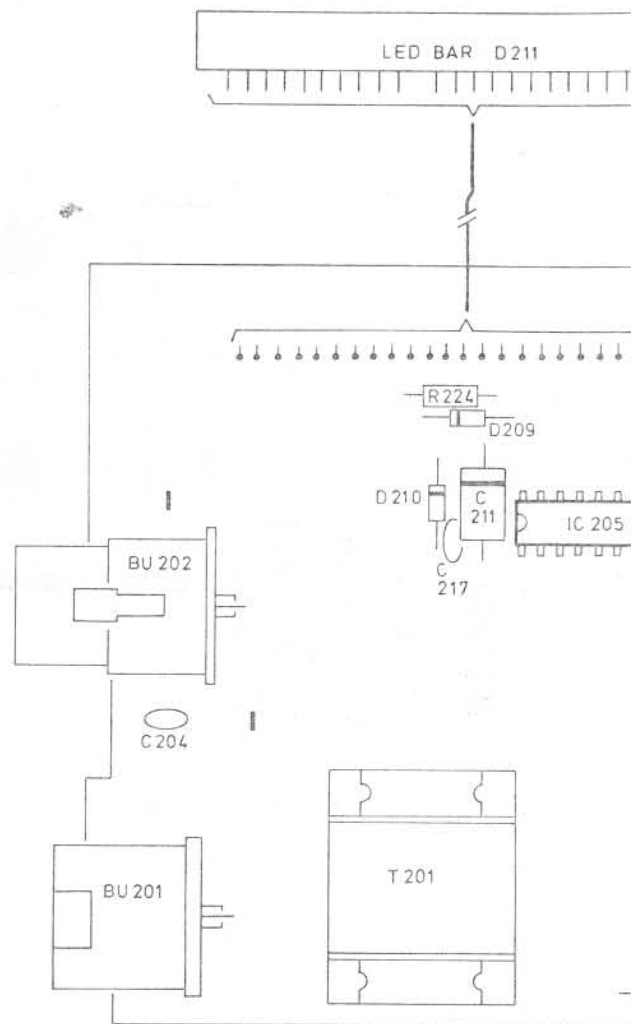
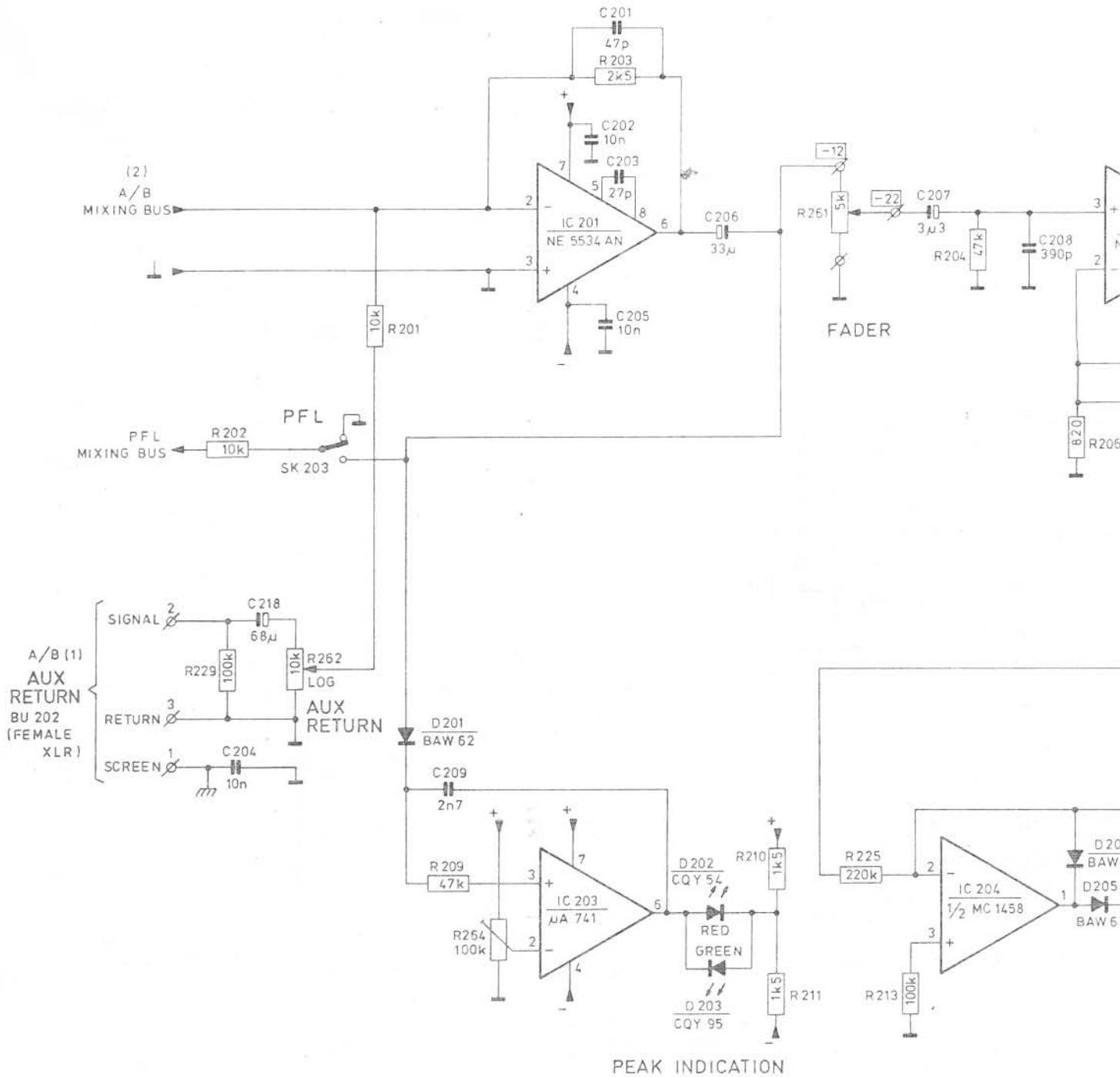


Fig. 6.8



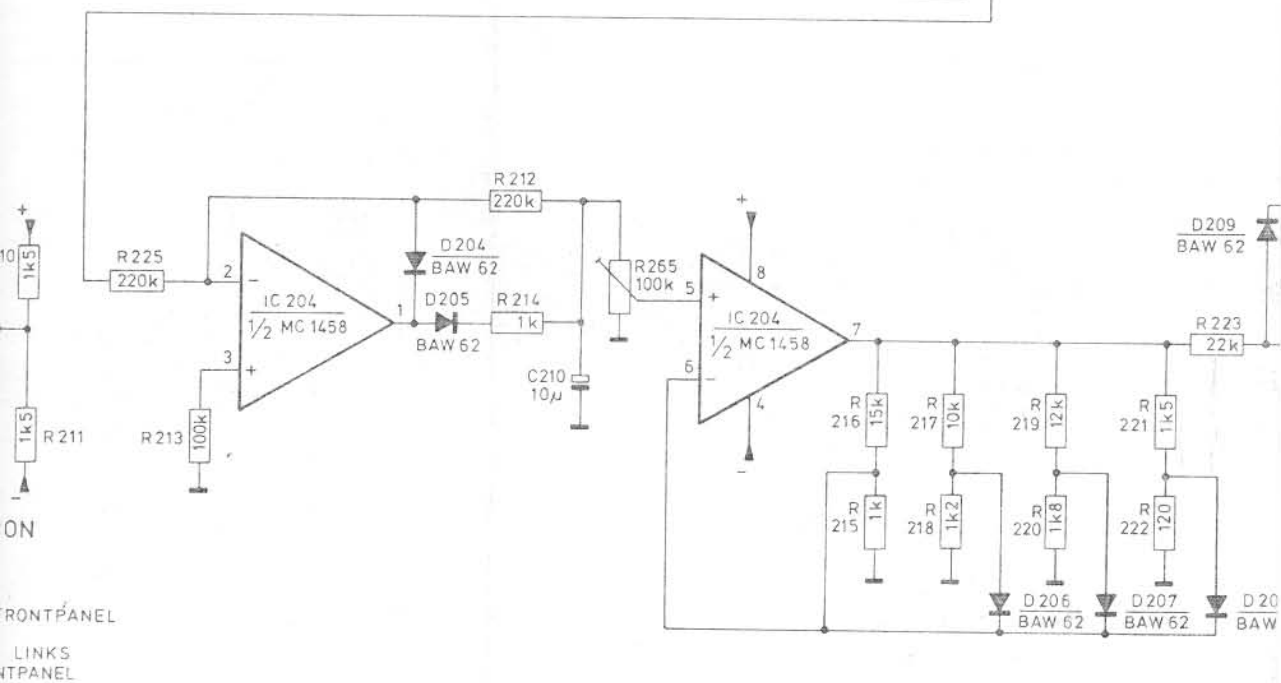
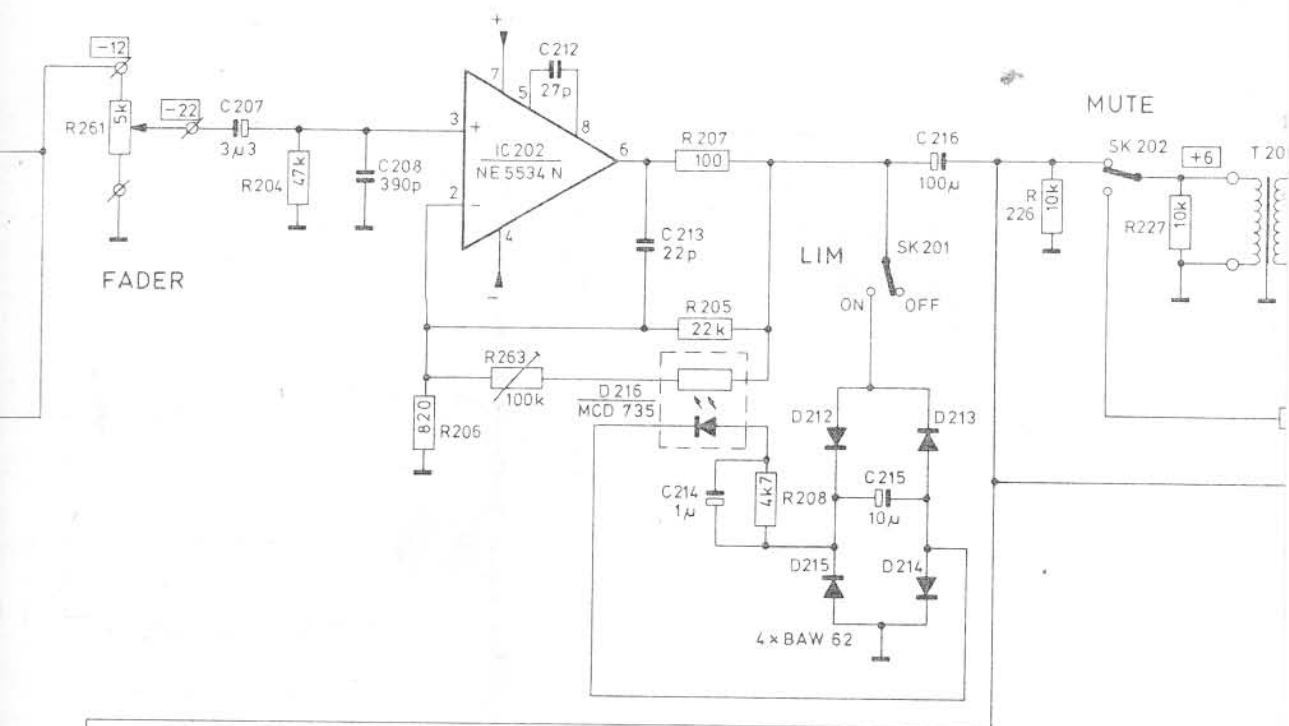


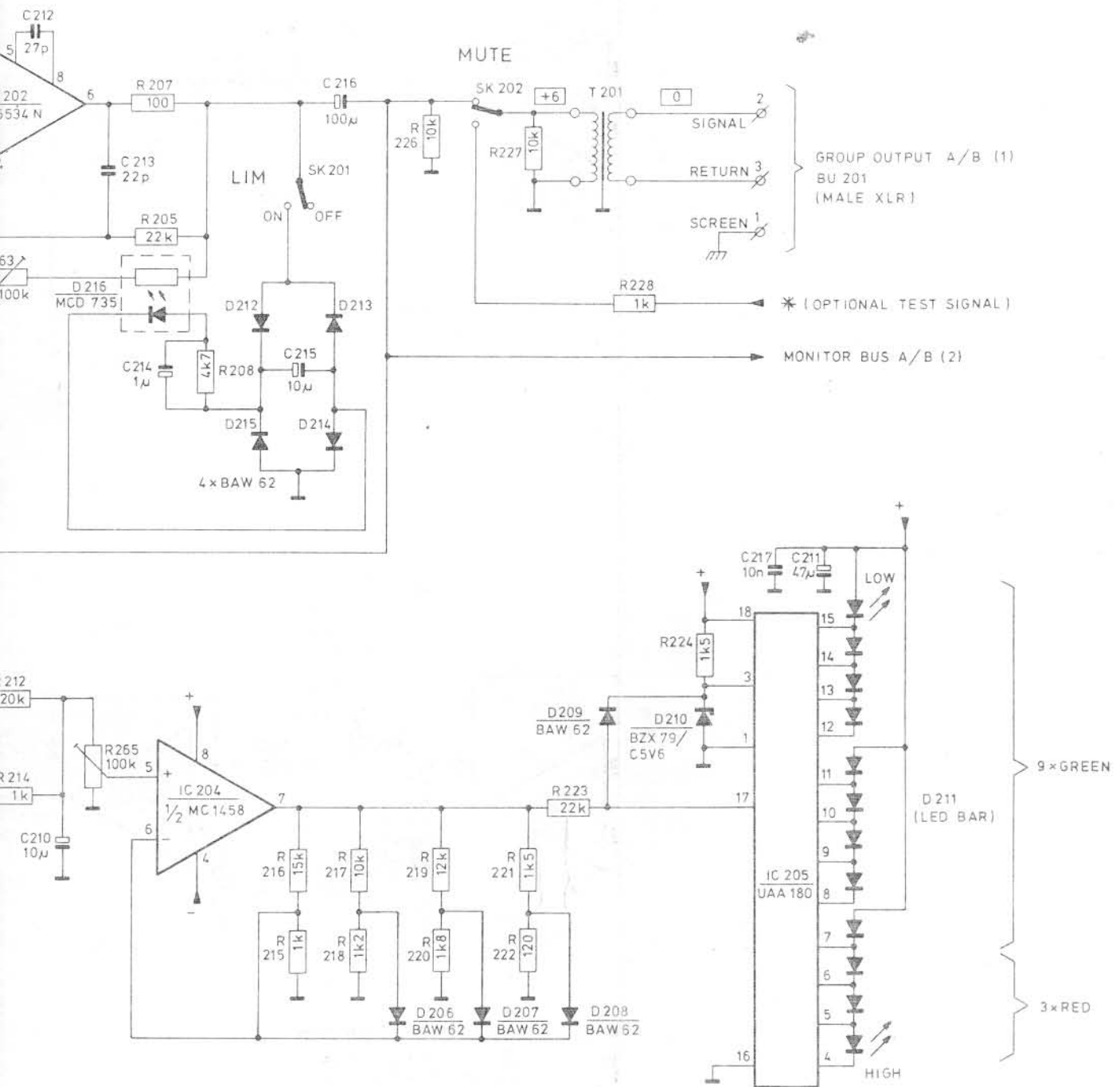
(1) A OR B DEPENDS UPON LOCATION OF THE P.C.B. ON THE FRONTPANEL

(2) A OR B DEPENDS UPON THE TWO SOLDERED PROGRAMMING LINKS ON THE P.C.B. ACCORDING TO THE LOCATION ON THE FRONTPANEL

(PAN-POT: 0dB ATTENUATION FOR THE RELEVANT CHANNEL)  
 (VALUE 3dB LOWER IF PAN-POT IN-MID POSITION)

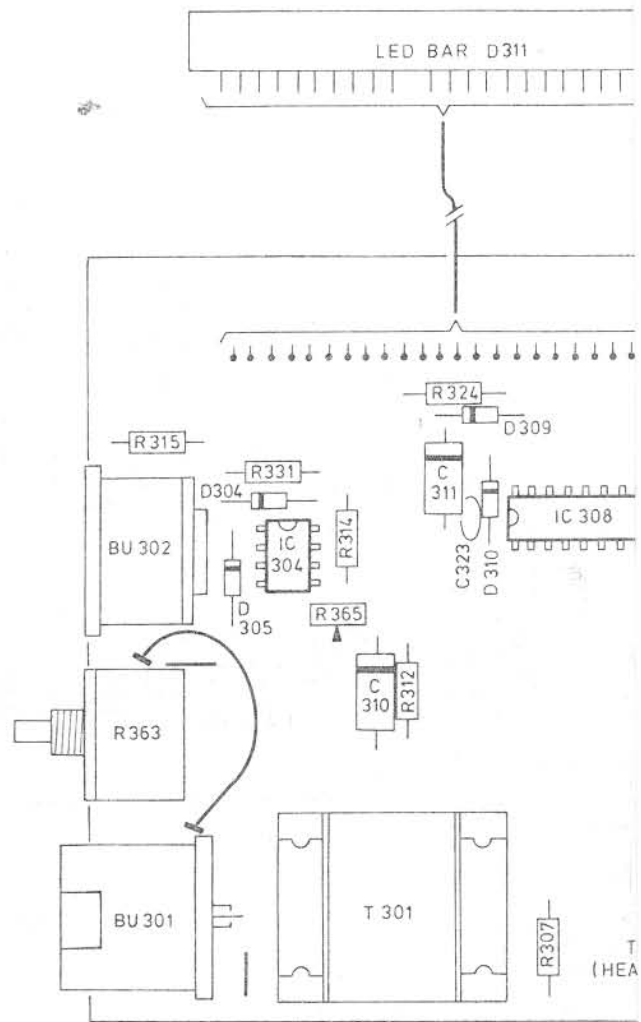






EVE 6166

Fig. 6.10



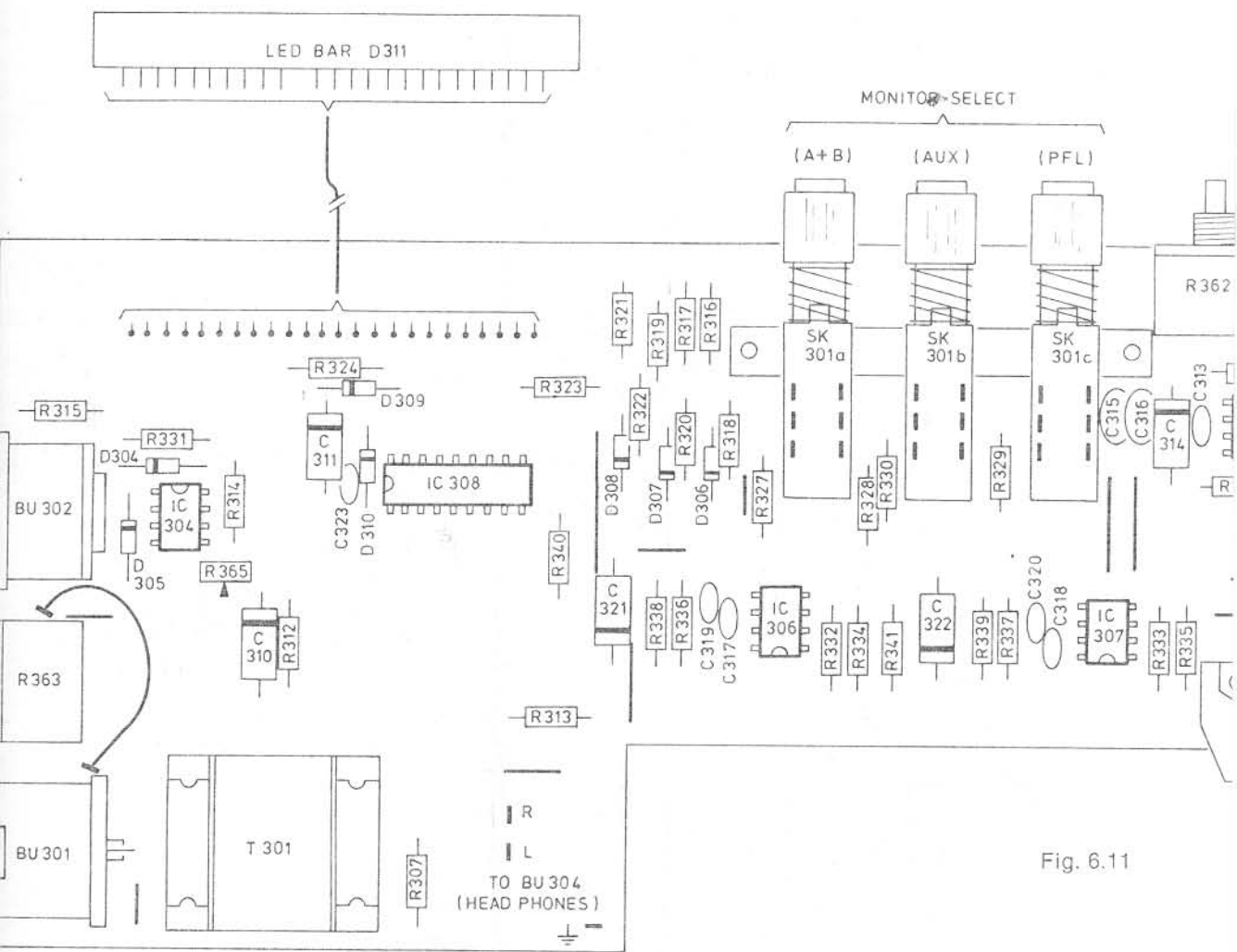


Fig. 6.11

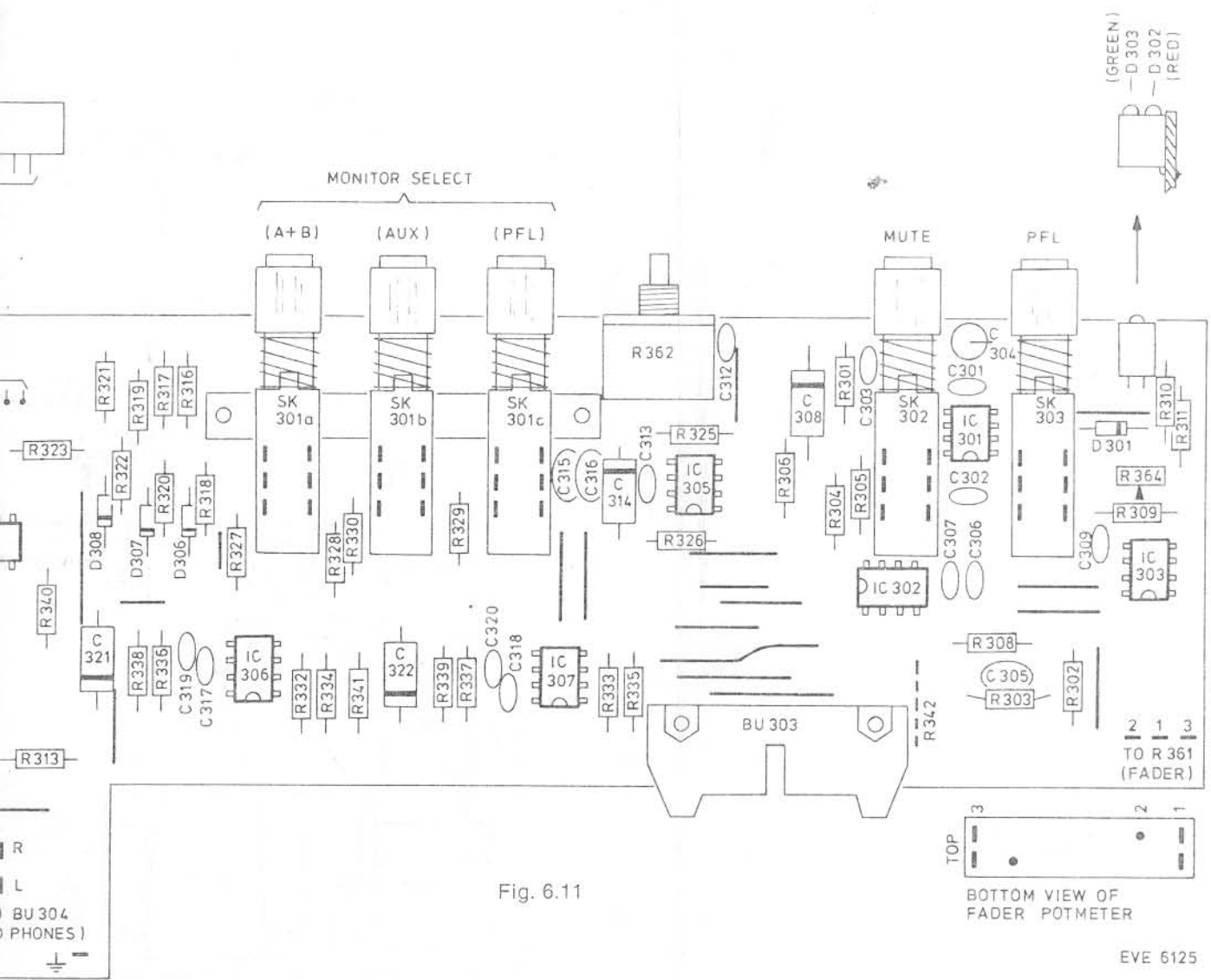
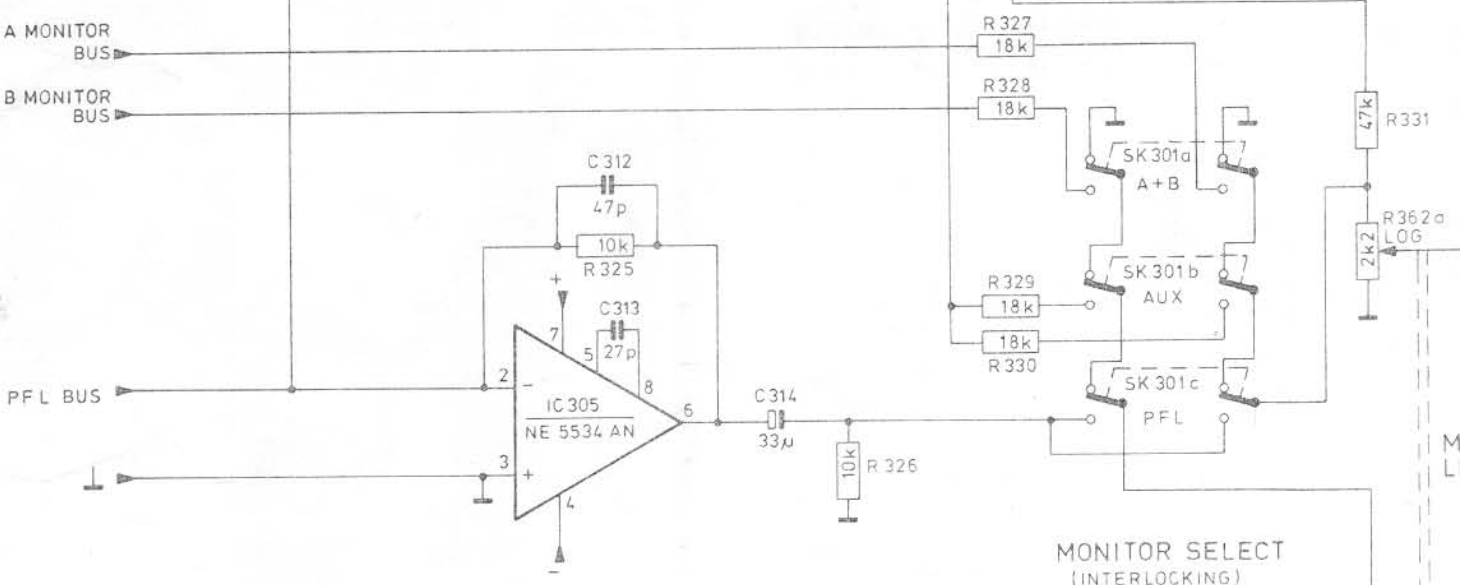
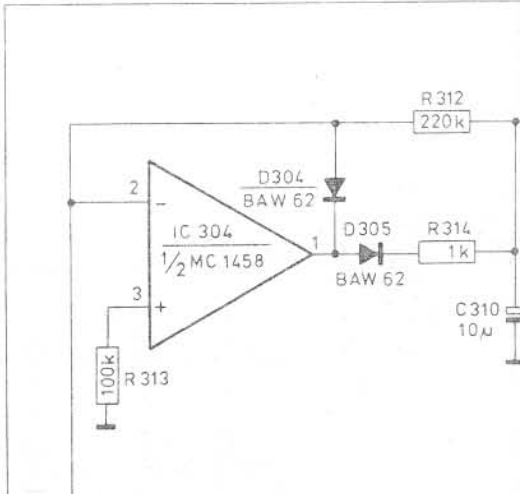
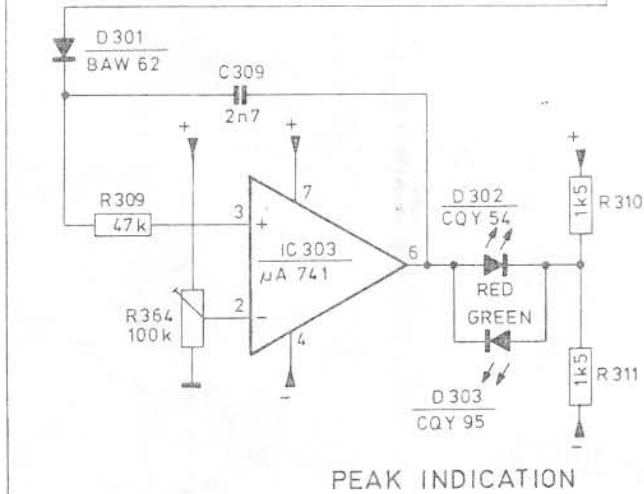
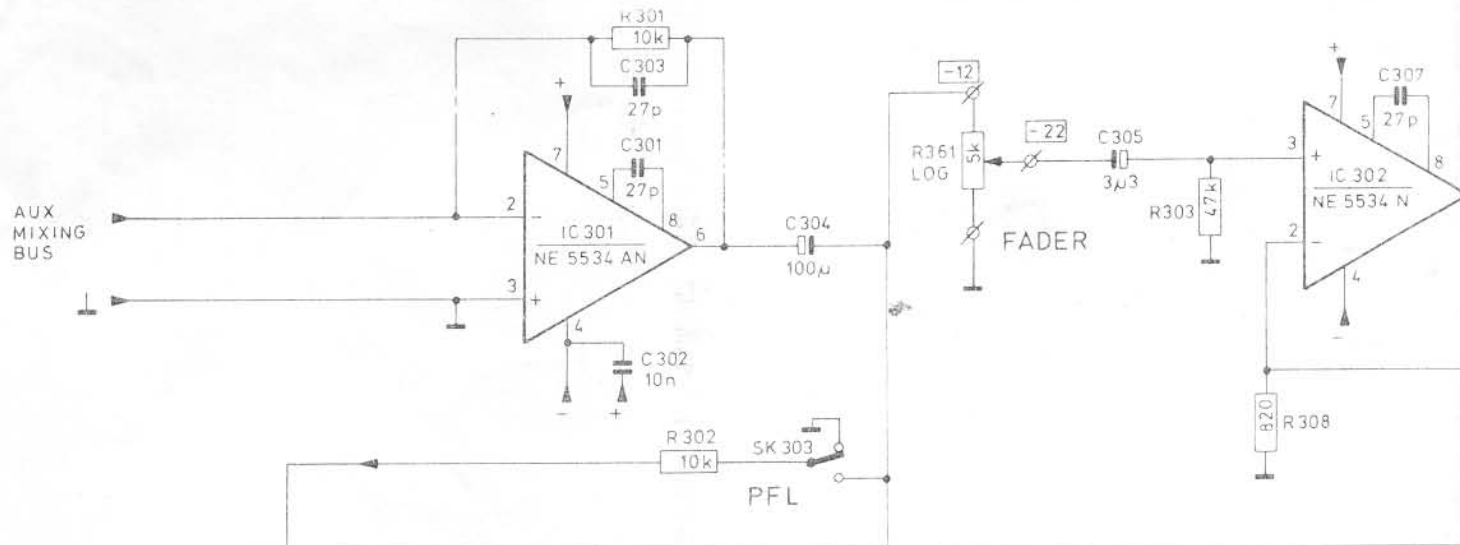
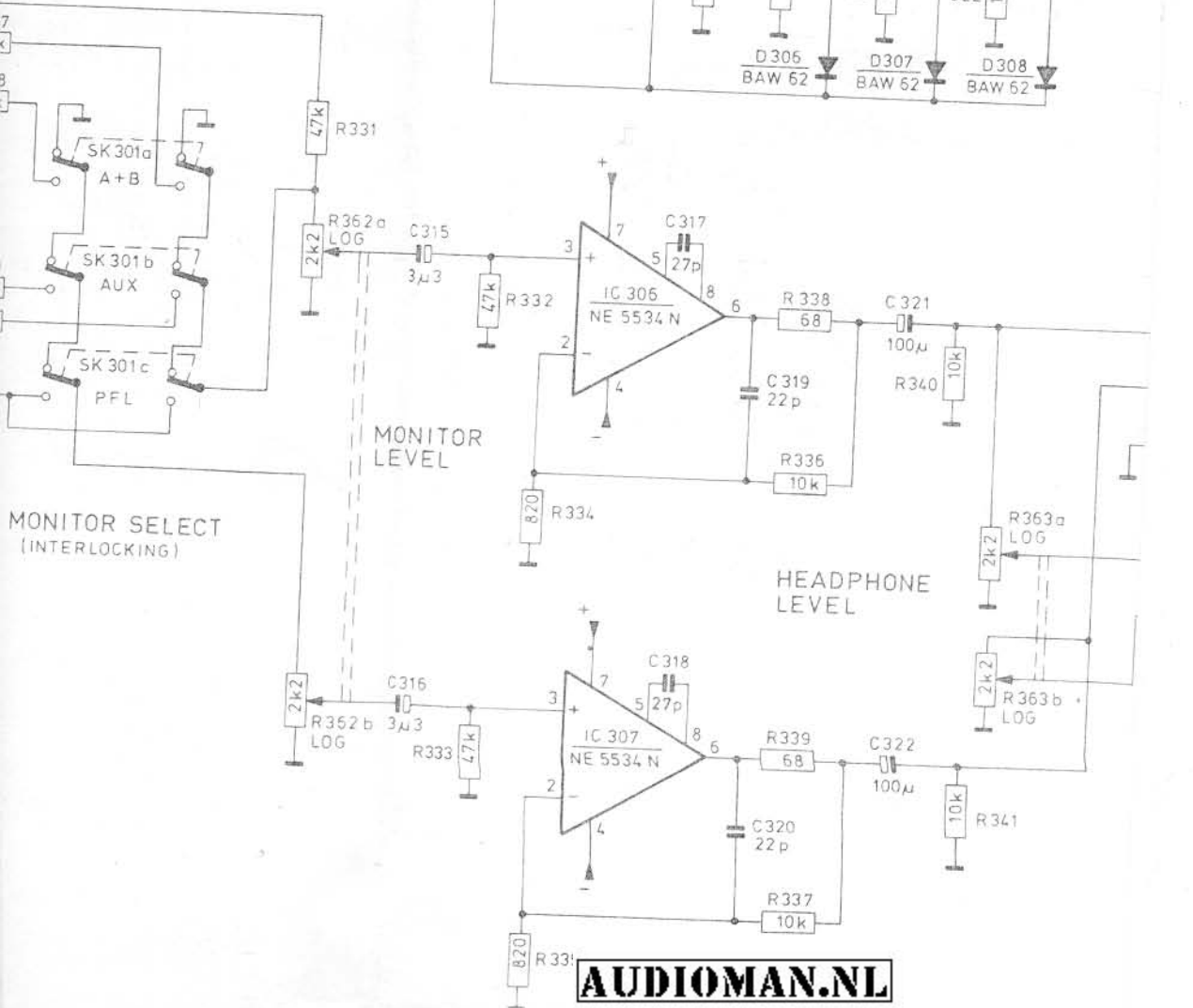
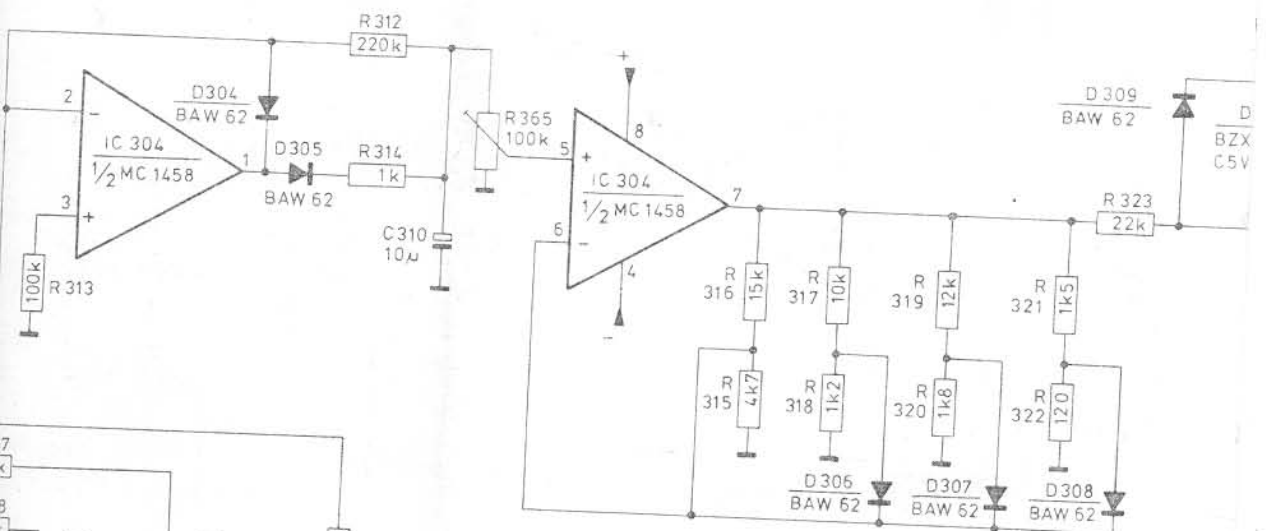
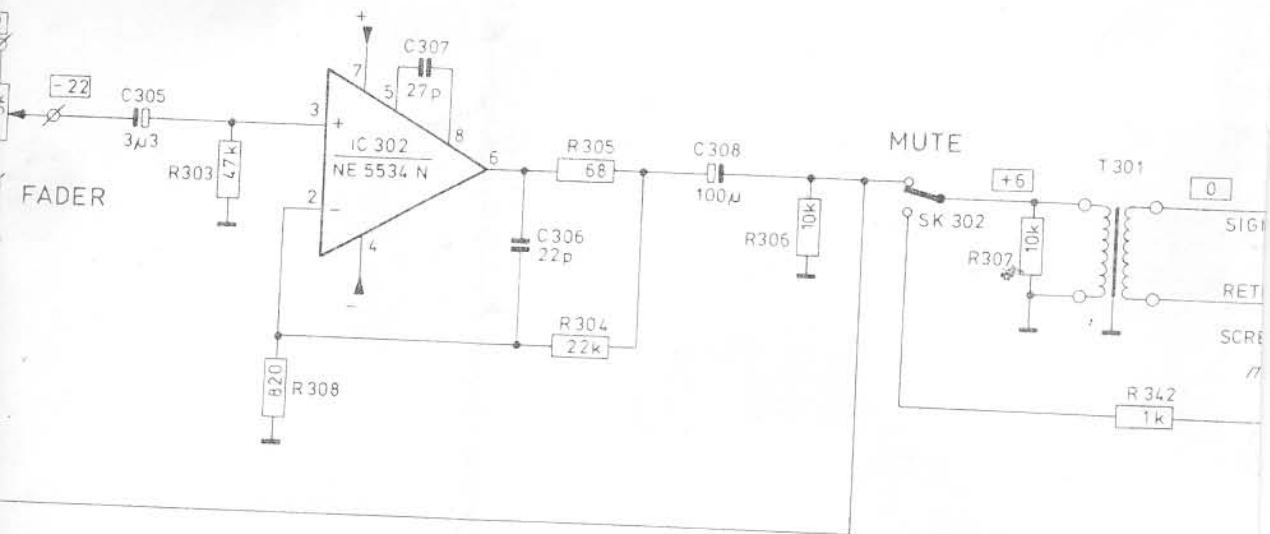


Fig. 6.11

EVE 6125





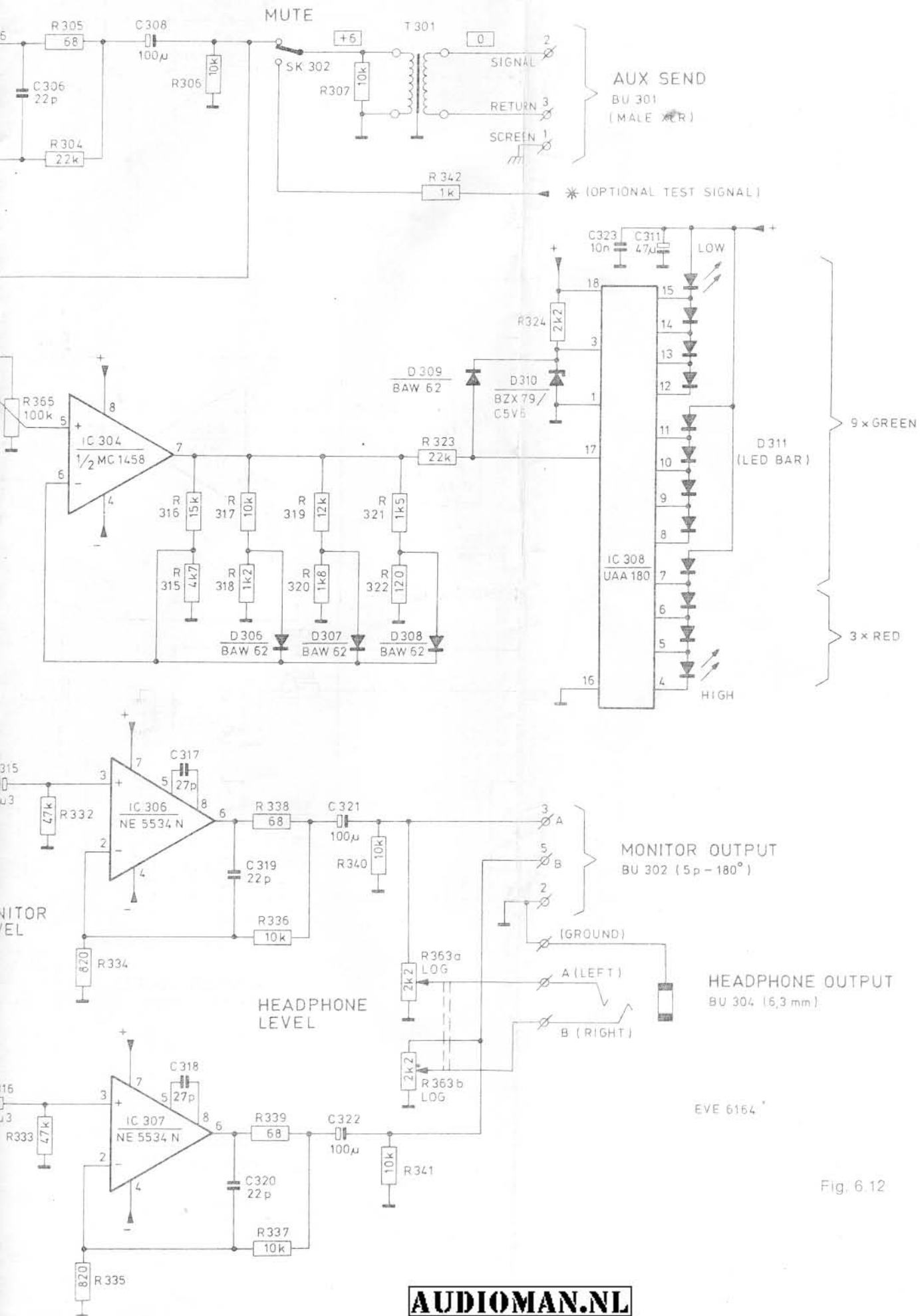


Fig. 6.12